Designing follow-up to climate assemblies: towards KNOCA guidance

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KNOCA BRIEFING NO.8

DESIGNING THE FOLLOW-UP TO CLIMATE ASSEMBLIES: EMBEDDING RECOMMENDATIONS WITHIN THE PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION

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September 2023

This a draft Briefing that will be finalised after the KNOCA workshop Designing Follow-up to Climate Assemblies on 27 September 2023

KNOCA is a European-based network that aims to improve the commissioning, design, implementation, impact and evaluation of climate assemblies, using evidence, knowledge exchange and dialogue. KNOCA documents climate assembly practice, identifies and disseminates best practice for impact and shapes future trends. You can find us and join KNOCA at https://knoca.eu/

https://knoca.eu/designing-the-follow-up-to-climate-assemblies/

Draft briefing to be finalised after the Workshop

More specific KNOCA Guidance to follow



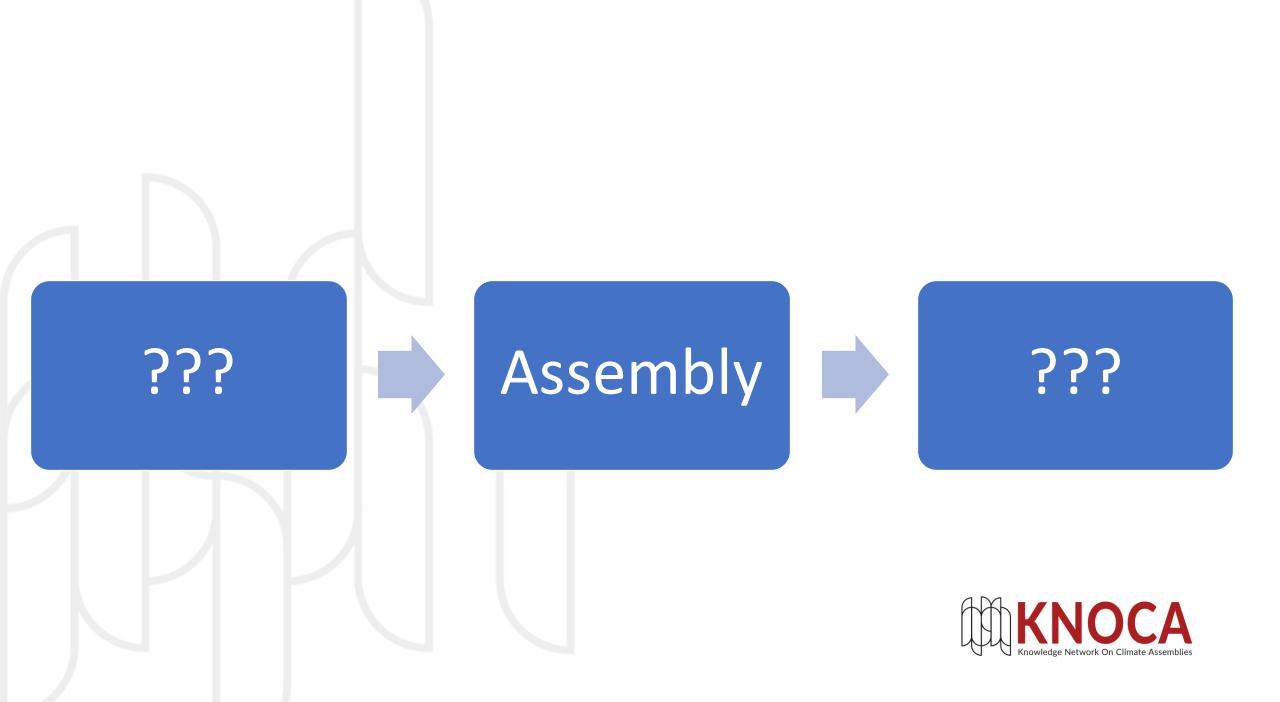
The challenge

Plenty of evidence that everyday people willing and able to learn, deliberate and come to robust recommendations on climate policy

But often poorly integrated into decision making by commissioning (or receiving) public authority and relevant stakeholders

Why?





Why failure to "land"?

Timing and fit with policy cycle

Political will

Preparation of public administration (and relevant stakeholders)



Why failure to "land"?

Timing and fit with policy cycle

Political will

Preparation of public administration (and relevant stakeholders)



Tensions between different logics

Logic of public governance

Logic of electoral politics

Logic of deliberative democracy



Question to consider

What needs to be in place to better embed recommendations from assemblies into decision making?

- What structures/processes need to be in place within administration to better integrate recommendations?
- What structures/processes need to be in place to monitor/oversee administrative action?
- Which actors need to be activated e.g., assembly members, politicians, civil servants, stakeholders

Scotland's Climate Assembly

Climate Change Act

Governance bodies remained in place

 Secretariat (seconded civil servants), Stewarding Group (multi-stakeholder body) and Expert Group

Sponsorship Team
Ministerial support
Parliament plenary debate
Assembly members
Government response
Assembly reconvened



Learning from other assemblies

Ireland

Joint Parliamentary Committee considers Assembly recommendations Committee and Assembly reports sent to government

Luxembourg

Cross-departmental team led by Prime Minister's Chief of Staff Internal reporting tool (Excel sheet!) publicly accessible



Key take aways

Carefully consider how to integrate key actors into assembly process – before, during and after

Politicians

Public officials

Stakeholders

Members of assembly, etc.

Spend as much time and energy on preparing administration (and other stakeholders) to receive recommendations as on preparing the assembly ©



Towards KNOCA guidance

Time assembly with policy cycle Political support and dedicated time and resources Clarify responsibilities, structures, processes and timelines before assembly begins

Internal reporting tool
Governance bodies remain in place
Awareness raising of assembly across authority
Integration of parliament/full council into process
Public reporting in short (3-6 months) and long (1-2 years) term

Capacity building for assembly members Additional assembly weekend after 6-12 months Independent accountability board



Open questions

Is this the right sort of guidance? What's missing?

What can be reasonably expected of politicians, public officials, contractors delivering assemblies, assembly members, stakeholders, etc.?

What can the KNOCA community do to ensure prioritisation of follow-up in climate assembly projects?

